8.—Fire Insurance Carried on Property in Canada in 1933, by Companies, Associations, or Underwriters not Registered under Section 148 of the Canadian and British Insurance Companies Act, 1932, or Section 65 of the Foreign Insurance Companies Act, 1933, to Transact Business in Canada.

mount by Cleaner of Increase			\$
Mutual Companies			47,676,750 1,034,000 365,439,201 28,676,960
Total	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •		442,826,911
mount by Description of Propertie Lumber and Lumber Mills Industrial Plants and Mercantile E	stablishments		533,497 424,411,990
Misoellaneous (including Railway P	roperty and Eq	uipment, Grain and Grain Elevators)	17,881,424
	roperty and Eq	uipment, Grain and Grain Elevators)	
Total	roperty and Eq	uipment, Grain and Grain Elevators)	17,881,424

Includes \$19,990,300 unapportioned by provinces.

Section 2.—Life Insurance.

An article descriptive of the growth and development of life insurance in Canada, contributed by A. D. Watson, of the Department of Insurance, Ottawa, appeared on pp. 937-944 of the Canada Year Book, 1933.

Life Insurance Statistics.—Life insurance business was transacted in Canada in 1933 by 42 companies licensed by the Dominion, including 27 Canadian, 6 British and 9 foreign companies. There were also 6 British and 5 foreign companies registered to write insurance but which had practically ceased to write new insurance, while 4 other British and 4 other foreign companies were authorized under the Act to transact business in connection with policies written prior to Mar. 31, 1878. One British company which retired as a writer of new insurance in 1878 has ceased all operations and has withdrawn from Canada. One foreign company, which also retired in 1878, was placed in the hands of a receiver in 1933 and has since reinsured all its Canadian policies with a Canadian company. One other foreign company was licensed to transact business in 1931, but has not yet written any life insurance business in Canada.

As shown by the historical statistics of Table 9, life insurance business in Canada has expanded from very small beginnings, the total net life insurance in force in all companies licensed by the Dominion in 1869 being only \$35,680,082, while in 1933 it was \$6,247,625,974,* the amount per head of the estimated population of Canada having more than doubled since 1919—an evidence of the general

^{*}This total does not include \$170,713,510 of fraternal insurance. Preliminary figures for 1934 indicate \$6,220,102,835 of life insurance in force in Dominion companies not including \$167,559,340 of fraternal insurance.